ASSOCIATION OF CHARTER SCHOOL EDUCATION SERVICES

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025 With Comparative Totals for 2024

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ASSOCIATION OF CHARTER SCHOOL EDUCATION SERVICES INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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ASSOCIATION OF CHARTER SCHOOL EDUCATION SERVICES OFFICIAL ROSTER As of June 30, 2025

Executive Committee

	EXCCULIVE COIII			
Name	Title	Representing		
Kimberly Ritterhouse	President	Red River Valley Charter School		
Stephanie Becker	Vice President	Amy Biehl High School		
Jon Orris	Secretary	Roots and Wings Community School		
Eric Ahner	Treasurer	J. Paul Taylor Academy		
Jesus Moncada	Member at Large	Christine Duncan Heritage Academy		
Anna Phillips	Member at Large	Archer Academy of Accelerated Learning		
Noel Nunez	Member at Large	Deming Cesar Chavez Charter High School		
Bridget Barrett	Member at Large	SAMS Academy		
Valery Ratliff-Parker	Ex Officio Member	Public Charter Schools of NM		
	Principal Administrat	tive Officials		
Name		Title		
Christy Takacs		Executive Director		
Katherine Moore	Director of Finance			
Tammy West	Procurement Manager			



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the Board of Directors and Management of Association of Charter School Education Services and Mr. Joseph M. Maestas, PE, CFE, New Mexico State Auditor

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Association of Charter School Education Services ("ACES"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the ACES' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of ACES, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof, for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the ACES, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter—Adoption of New Accounting Guidance

As discussed in Note 2(C) to the financial statements, ACES adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 101, Compensated Absences, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Prior Year Comparative Information

The prior year comparative information has been derived from the ACES' 2024 financial statements. We have previously audited ACES' 2024 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated September 13, 2024. In our opinion, the comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the ACES' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

<u>Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements</u>

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether

due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the ACES' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the ACES' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 23, 2025 on our consideration of ACES' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering ACES' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hinkle + Landers, P.C.

Hinkle & Landers, P.C.

Albuquerque, NM September 23, 2025

As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

Introduction

Management of the Association of Charter School Education Services (ACES) offers readers of ACES' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of ACES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. Since the information is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with ACES' basic financial statements beginning on page 11.

Financial Highlights

Key events for the fiscal year 2025 are:

The assets of ACES exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$476,820 (total net position). Total net position is unrestricted.

ACES' total reported net position increased by \$186,117 compared to the prior year increase in net position of \$155,591.

As of June 30, 2025, ACES had total assets of \$2,975,250 all of which are classified as current. Current liabilities include \$2,302,592 in accounts payable, \$28,912 in accrued payroll liabilities, and \$166,926 in unearned revenues. ACES did not have any noncurrent liabilities as of year-end.

Overview of the Financial Statements

ACES is a special purpose government agency engaged only in business-type activities. Therefore, in accordance with GASB 34, ACES' financial statements are comprised of four components:

- 1. Independent Auditor's Report
- 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)
- 3. Basic Financial Statements
- 4. Other Information, which includes certain required supplementary information, other supplementary information and other required NM State Auditor schedules.

These financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of ACES' finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

The Statement of Net Position presents information on ACES' assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of ACES is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how ACES' net position changed during the most recent Fiscal Year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows only in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and accounts payable).

The Statement of Cash Flows presents information on how ACES' cash was used. It shows net cash used by or provided by operating activities, capital financing activities, noncapital financing activities and investing activities. It also reconciles beginning cash balances to ending cash balances.

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that explains the numbers provided in the financial statements.

Proprietary Fund Financial Analysis—Broad Overview of Operations

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of ACES, a positive net position balance (total assets exceeding total liabilities) of \$476,820 is reported as of the year ended, June 30, 2025, compared to \$290,703 reported as of June 30, 2024. The entire balance of net position is unrestricted for both years respectively.

The following is a summary of the Statement of Net Position:

The net position of the ACES' business-type activities increased by \$186,117 or 64.02% during the year, from \$290,703 as of June 30, 2024 to \$476,820 as of June 30, 2025, indicating a significant improvement in ACES' financial condition. ACES' total net position is classified as unrestricted for both years respectively.

As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

	 2025	2024	Variance
Assets:			
Cash	\$ 274,463	335,531	(61,068)
Accounts Receivable-Trade	2,333,046	1,007,549	1,325,497
Certificate of Deposit	200,815	-	200,815
Prepaid Expense	 166,926		166,926
Total Assets	\$ 2,975,250	1,343,080	1,632,170
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable-Trade	\$ 2,302,592	1,021,756	(1,280,836)
Accrued Payroll and Benefits	28,912	30,621	1,709
Unearned Revenue	 166,926		166,926
Total Liabilities:	2,498,430	1,052,377	(1,112,201)
Net Position:			
Unrestricted	 476,820	290,703	186,117
Total Net Position	 476,820	290,703	186,117
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 2,975,250	1,343,080	1,632,170

As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

The following table shows the revenues and expenses for ACES for the current and prior fiscal year:

	2025	2024	Variance
Operating Revenues			
Procurement	\$ 19,005,670	12,775,177	6,230,493
Cadre Services	340,158	418,426	(78,268)
Related Services	3,060,326	1,329,309	1,731,017
In-Kind Contributions (Donated Facilities)	12,000	12,000	-
Discounts and Rebates	 110,297	87,291	23,006
Total Revenues	22,528,451	14,622,203	7,883,242
Operating Expenses			
Cost of Services			
Procurement	18,723,413	12,508,520	6,214,893
Cadre Services	302,859	381,121	(78,262)
Related Services	 2,993,833	1,309,776	1,684,057
Total Cost of Services	22,020,105	14,199,417	7,820,688
Gross Profit	508,346	422,786	85,560
Administration Expenses			
Salaries and Wages	197,109	182,463	14,646
Consulting Services	41,052	-	41,052
Computer and Internet	21,616	22,374	(758)
Payroll Taxes	17,254	16,269	985
Rent	12,000	12,000	-
Employee Benefits	11,826	11,826	-
Legal/Accounting Services	11,810	11,301	509
Office Expense	5,347	4,415	932
Insurance-Property and Liability	2,989	3,824	(835)
Bank Fees	1,565	1,922	(357)
Postage and Freight	 478	803	(325)
Total Expenses	 323,046	267,197	55,849
Operating Income	185,300	155,589	29,711
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year	290,703	135,112	155,591
Total Net Position, End of Year	\$ 476,820	290,703	186,117

As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

Total business-type activities generated operating revenues of \$22,528,451 while cost of services totaled \$22,020,105 for the year ended June 30, 2025, resulting in a gross profit of \$508,346. Administrative expenses totaled \$323,046 and non-operating revenues were \$817 for the year ended June 30, 2025. All of these factors resulted in an increase in net position of \$186,117 Comparatively, operating revenues were \$14,622,203 and cost of services totaled \$14,199,417 resulting in gross profit of \$422,786 for the year ended June 30, 2024. Administrative expenses were \$267,197 and non-operating revenues totaled \$2 resulting in an increase in net position of \$155,591 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Key elements of the increase in net position of compared to prior year include:

The increase in net position can be attributed to the expansion of our vendor base and the inclusion of new schools, as well as a general increase in the services we offer.

Fiscal Year 2025 Budgetary Highlights

At the beginning of fiscal year 2025, an initial budget was presented to ACES' Executive Committee of the Board for their review and approval. There were no budget adjustments made for the year ended June 30, 2025.

The original budget projected total revenues of \$16,587,350. Original budgeted expenses were projected to be \$16,481,280 and there were no adjustments during the year.

The following is a summary of the final budget as compared to actual activity for the period ending June 30, 2025.

			Favorable
	 Final Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues	\$ 16,587,350	22,528,451	5,941,101
Cost of Services	16,124,570	22,020,105	(5,895,535)
Administrative Expenses	356,710	323,046	33,664
Non-Operating Income	 <u> </u>	817	817
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 106,070	186,117	80,047

As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

Capital Improvements and Asset Management

ACES capitalizes property and equipment with a historical cost of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of greater than one year, however ACES did not maintain any capital assets as of June 30, 2025.

Financial Outlook for Next Year

ACES approved budget for fiscal year 2026 anticipates \$22,935,210 in total revenues. Cost of services are projected to be \$22,360,383 and total expenses are expected to be \$22,854,463. Due to management efforts to increase services and improve profit margins, gross profit is expected to total of \$574,827, an approximate 13% increase over fiscal year 2025.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Association of Charter School Education Services' finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Christy Takacs, Executive Director (ed@nmaces.org, (575)-468-2237 ext.1), or Katherine Moore, Director of Finance (businessoffice@nmaces.org, (575)-468-2237 ext.2). The address is P.O. Box 16326, Albuquerque, NM 87191.

ASSOCIATION OF CHARTER SCHOOL EDUCATION SERVICES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (PROPRIETARY FUND)

As of June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

ASSETS		2025	2024
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	274,463	335,531
Accounts Receivable-Trade (Member Schools)		2,333,046	1,007,549
Certificate of Deposit		200,815	-
Prepaid Expenses	_	166,926	
Total Current Assets	_	2,975,250	1,343,080
Total Assets	\$_	2,975,250	1,343,080
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable-Trade	\$	2,302,592	1,021,756
Accrued Payroll and Benefits		28,912	30,621
Unearned Revenue	_	166,926	
Total Current Liabilities	_	2,498,430	1,052,377
Total Liabilities		2,498,430	1,052,377
NET POSITION			
Unrestricted		476,820	290,703
Total Net Position	-	476,820	290,703
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$_	2,975,250	1,343,080

ASSOCIATION OF CHARTER SCHOOL EDUCATION SERVICES STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (PROPRIETARY FUND)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

	2025	2024
OPERATING REVENUES		
Procurement \$	19,005,670	12,775,177
Related Services	3,060,326	1,329,309
Cadre Services	340,158	418,426
Discounts and Rebates	110,297	87,291
In-Kind Contributions	12,000	12,000
Total Operating Revenues	22,528,451	14,622,203
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Cost of Services		
Procurement	18,723,413	12,508,520
Related Services	2,993,833	1,309,776
Cadre Services	302,859	381,121
Total Cost of Services	22,020,105	14,199,417
Gross Profit	508,346	422,786
ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES		
Salaries and Wages	197,109	182,463
Consulting Services	41,052	-
Computer and Internet	21,616	22,374
Payroll Taxes	17,254	16,269
In-Kind Rent (Donated Facilities)	12,000	12,000
Employee Benefits	11,826	11,826
Legal/Accounting Services	11,810	11,301
Office Expense	5,347	4,415
Insurance-Property and Liability	2,989	3,824
Bank Fees	1,565	1,922
Postage and Freight	478	803
Total Expenses	323,046	267,197
Operating Income	185,300	155,589
Non-Operating Revenues		
Interest Income	817	2
Total Non-Operating Revenues	817	2
Change in Net Position	186,117	155,591
Net Position, Beginning of Year	290,703	135,112
Net Position, End of Year \$	476,820	290,703

ASSOCIATION OF CHARTER SCHOOL EDUCATION SERVICES STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (PROPRIETARY FUND)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

		2025	2024
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			_
Receipts from Members	\$	21,202,954	14,742,511
Payments to Employees		(421,319)	(429,263)
Payments to Suppliers and Contractors		(20,642,705)	(14,164,558)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		138,930	148,690
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of Certificates of Deposit		(200,815)	
Interest Income		817	2
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		(199,998)	2
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(61,068)	148,692
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	_	335,531	186,839
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$_	274,463	335,531
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash			
Provided/(used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating Income	\$	185,300	155,589
Change in Assets and Liabilities:			
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable-Trade		(1,325,497)	211,347
(Increase) Decrease Prepaid Expenses		(166,926)	1,270
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		1,280,836	(209,863)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Payroll and Benefits		(1,709)	(9,653)
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		166,926	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$_	138,930	148,690
Supplementary Information			
Donated Facilities	\$	12,000	12,000
Donates i donities	Ψ=	12,000	12,000

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

NOTE 1—NATURE OF BUSINESS AND REPORTING ENTITY

Nature of Operations—Purpose

Organization/Joint Powers Agreement

The Association of Charter School Education Services (ACES) was formed on July 3, 2013, by members of charter schools by entering into a Joint Powers Agreement to Establish an Educational Cooperative, as approved by the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration (DFA). The Joint Powers Agreement established a legal public entity. As of June 30, 2025, there were 95 charter school members. ACES provides a wide range of educational services including state-wide cooperative purchasing, services such as business management, student management, technology assistance, teacher and administration training and other professional service, and general consulting.

Membership

ACES is an organization comprised of New Mexico charter schools. ACES is a membership organization that is open to New Mexico charter schools. Members may be added or deleted pursuant to the Joint Powers Agreement. The governance of ACES is vested in the JPA Membership Board which is comprised of the Chief Executive Officer of each charter school member.

ACES' financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP and used by ACES are discussed below.

Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity as defined by GASB 14 as amended by GASB Statements 39, 61, 80, and 90 as well as other applicable GASB Statements, consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability as the cornerstone of all reporting in governments.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

A primary government is any state or general-purpose local government consisting of all the organizations that make up its legal entity. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that are not legally separate are, for financial reporting purposes, part of the primary government, the ACES is a local government unit and is the primary government for the financial presentation.

ACES does not have any component units during the year ended June 30, 2025. In addition, ACES has no tax abatement agreements. GASB 77 disclosures are not required.

NOTE 2—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted (U.S. GAAP) in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing U.S. GAAP for state and local government accounting and financial reporting principles.

A—Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Basis of Presentation—Fund Financial Statements

ACES' activities are reported as business-type activities. As a result, the financial statements are comprised of proprietary fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus

The proprietary fund is accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting using the "economic resources" measurement focus. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position present operating revenues and expenses, and non-operating revenues and expenses as applicable, which represent increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary funds, which is an Enterprise Fund.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

Enterprise Fund

The "Operating Fund" is an enterprise fund (proprietary fund) that is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Operating and Non-Operating Items

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of ACES are procurement, cadre services, administrative services and other related program generated from its services. Operating expenses include the cost of services, and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications may have been made to the 2024 financial statement information to conform to the current year presentation.

B—Use of Estimates in Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures for amounts associated with assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the financial statement date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant changes in the near term that could have a material effect on the financial statements include the estimated valuation of in-kind facilities. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

C—Recently issued and Adopted Accounting Standard

GASB Statement No. 101 (GASB 101), Compensated Absences

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, which establishes a unified model for recognizing and measuring liabilities for compensated absences. A liability is recognized for leave attributable to past services that accumulates and is more likely than not to be used or paid/settled; certain salary-related payments directly and incrementally associated with such payments (for example, employer payroll taxes) are included in measurement. The liability is measured using pay rates in effect at the financial statement date. Changes adopted at transition are reported as a change in accounting principle. GASB 101 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

There was no material impact on the ACES's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2025 as a result of this implementation.

GASB Statement No. 102 (GASB 102), Certain Risk Disclosures

In October 2023, GASB issued GASB 102, Certain Risk Disclosures, which requires disclosure of vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints when all disclosure criteria are met as of the date the financial statements are issued: (a) the concentration or constraint is known to the government before issuance; (b) it makes the reporting unit vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact; and (c) an event or events associated with it have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin within 12 months of the issuance date. Required disclosures describe the concentration/constraint, the event(s) that have occurred or begun, and mitigation actions taken prior to issuance. Governments must also assess these criteria for any reporting unit that reports a liability for revenue debt. GASB 102 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024. Management determined that no disclosures were required under GASB 102 as of the issuance date.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

<u>D—Assets, Deferred Outflow of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources, Net Position, Revenues and Expenses</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the ACES includes bank accounts as cash and cash equivalents. ACES maintains its cash balances with local financial institutions. The amounts on deposit with these institutions may at times exceed the \$250,000 of insurance available to individual depositors through the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Accounts Receivable — Trade (Member Schools)

All receivables are deemed fully collectible, and an allowance for uncollectible accounts has not been established. All amounts are deemed collectible within one year of June 30, 2025. ACES uses the direct write-off method when necessary. Historically, these amounts have not been material to the financial statements as a whole.

Prepaid Expenses

During FY25, ACES made payments to vendors for services to be provided to schools in FY26. These payments are recorded as prepaid expenses and will be recognized as expenses in FY26 when the related services are delivered.

Property, Equipment and Depreciation

ACES has established its capitalization policy at \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Items with a cost of less than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of less than one year are expensed in the year of acquisition. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations when incurred and major improvements and replacements are capitalized. ACES records assets (such as, furniture and equipment, including software, building and improvements, land, and ancillary equipment) purchased at cost or, if contributed, at fair market value at the date of donation.

ACES has no capitalized assets and has not had any since its inception.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

Unearned Revenues

During FY25, ACES received payments from schools for services to be provided in FY26. These amounts are recorded as unearned revenues and will be recognized as revenue in FY26 as the related services are provided.

Income Taxes

ACES is exempt from filing tax returns based on the New Mexico Attorney General and Department of Finance and Administration's determination that ACES is a governmental entity.

Net Position Classification

Net position is the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by external restrictions by other governments, creditors or grantors.

E—Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

ACES prepared a budget for internal use; however, it is not required to provide a legally adopted budget with a government agency in New Mexico and is not presented in these financial statements.

Budgets for revenues and most expenses are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The budget is presented on the accrual basis of accounting and capital assets over \$5,000 (if applicable) are not included in the budget.

The Executive Director prepares an overall budget by program for ACES which is adopted by the Executive Committee. This budget includes expected receipts and expenditures of the Operating Fund. ACES is required to prepare budgets for each program. The budgets, used by ACES to monitor each project, are also used for comparisons in the accompanying financial statements. ACES approves its budget by total revenue and expenses by program.

F— Encumbrances

ACES does not use encumbrance accounting.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

G—Revenue Recognition

The principal operating revenues of ACES are group purchasing, ancillary services, administrative services and other related services generated from its services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, as well as administrative expenses.

ACES accounts for its revenue under GASB 33. The following summarizes the revenue recognition policies for major classifications of revenue:

Contract Revenue—ACES has contracted with charter schools for services. These
contract revenues are recorded at the time the services are provided or products
have been delivered. Specifically, when ACES has provided the service in compliance
with the general and specific requirements of the contract, both the receivable and
offsetting contract revenue are recorded.

H—Donated Property, Materials and Services

Donations of property, materials and services are recorded as contributions at fair value at the date of donation. Donated services are recognized as contributions at their estimated fair value if the services (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills, are performed by people with those skills, and would otherwise be purchased by ACES.

			Fair Value
Nonfinancial Asset	 2025	2024	Technique
Donated Facilities	\$ 12,000	12,000	1

-

I—Compensated Absences Payable

Under the provisions of the New Mexico Healthy Workplaces Act and ACES's employee handbook, eligible employees begin accruing paid sick and safe leave (PSSL) on their first day of employment at a rate of one hour for every 30 hours worked. Accrual is unlimited; however, employees may use no more than 64 hours of accrued PSSL per benefit year, defined as the period from July 1 to June 30.

Due to the annual usage cap of 64 hours and the policy that unused leave is not paid upon separation, ACES did not record a liability for paid sick and safe leave as of June 30, 2025 or 2024. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 101, compensated absences are accrued

^{*} Legend at Fair Value Techniques

^{1.} Estimated prices for identical or similar rental facilities if purchased in the region.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

only when leave is both (a) attributable to services already rendered and (b) expected to be used. Given the 64-hour annual usage cap and no payout at termination, no liability was recorded as of June 30, 2025.

NOTE 3—CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Collateralization

In accordance with Section 6-10-17, NMSA 1978 Compilation, bank deposits of public monies are required to be collateralized. Pledged collateral is required in amounts, in aggregate, to equal one-half of the amount of uninsured public money in each account during the fiscal year. As of June 30, 2025 and 2024, all of ACES' bank balances were fully insured and collateralized.

Securities

Securities which are obligations of the state of New Mexico, its agencies, institutions, counties, or municipalities or other subdivisions are accepted at par value; all other securities are accepted at market value. No security is required for the deposit of public money that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or the National Credit Union Administration. All of ACES' cash balances consist of demand deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, ACES' deposits may not be returned to it. ACES' deposit policy is to collateralize one-half of the uninsured public money in each account. As of June 30, 2025, a portion of ACES' bank balances was uninsured but collateralized by securities held by the pledging institution or its agent, not in ACES' name. Such balances are exposed to custodial credit risk under GASB 40.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

ACES' bank accounts were collateralized as follows:

		Balance Per		Book
Location		Depository		Balance
Bank of Albuquerque - Checking	\$	376,531		272,757
Bank of Albuquerque - Savings *		1,706		1,706
Bank of Albuquerque - 7 mo CD	_	200,815	_	200,815
Total Amount of Deposit in Bank	\$	579,052		
FDIC Coverage	_	(250,000)	_	
Total Uninsured Public Funds	\$_	329,052	_	
50% Collateral Requirement (Section 6-10-17			_	
NMSA 1978)	\$_	164,526	=	
Uninsured and Uncollateralized			\$	164,526
Uninsured, collateral held by the pledging in	stitut	ions or by its trust		
department or agent, but not in the name of t	he A	CES.	\$	914,273
Pledging Excess			\$	749,747

^{*} Interest-Bearing Account

	Description of		Cusip	Fair Market Value
Name of Depository	Pledged Collateral	Maturity	Number	June 30, 2025
Federal Home Loan Bank Topeka	FN AB9823	7/1/2028	31417G4H6 \$	82,756
Federal Home Loan Bank Topeka	FN CB1966	10/1/2035	3140QMFG4	257,806
Federal Home Loan Bank Topeka	FN MA4154	11/25/2049	31418DTL6	180,159
Federal Home Loan Bank Topeka	FNR 2020-60 PA	11/25/2049	3136BBUX8	232,866
Federal Home Loan Bank Topeka	FNR 2020-60 PA	4/25/2040	3136BBUX8	116,433
Federal Home Loan Bank Topeka	FHR 4966 HA	4/25/2040	3137FRW49	44,253
	Total Pledged Colla	ateral	\$	914,273

NOTE 4— CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT

Certificate of deposit as of June 30 was as follows:

Туре	 2025	2024
Certificate of Deposit, Original Maturity 7 Months, Interest 3.10%	\$ 200,815	
Total	\$ 200,815	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

NOTE 5—ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE — TRADE (MEMBER SCHOOLS)

Accounts receivable trade, primarily consist of amounts due from schools for products delivered and services performed under joint purchasing agreements during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. These receivables arise from the ACES' ordinary course of business activities, which involve providing products and services to schools. Receivables are recognized in accordance with the ACES' revenue recognition policy, which recognizes revenue when control of the products or services has transferred to the customer.

NOTE 6—PROPERTY, EQUIPMENT AND DEPRECIATION

As of the year ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, ACES had no property and equipment to capitalize and depreciate.

NOTE 7—RETIREMENT PLAN AND RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

ACES does not participate in the Education Retirement Board (ERB) and does not contribute to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Plan (RHCP).

NOTE 8—ACCOUNTS PAYABLE - TRADE

Accounts payable represent amounts owed by ACES to its suppliers and vendors for goods and services received during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. These payables arise from the ACES' ordinary course of business operations, including procurement, supplies, and various services required to support its activities.

NOTE 9—ACCRUED PAYROLL AND BENEFITS

Accrued payroll as of June 30, is as follows:

Туре		2025	2024
Accrued Payroll	\$	23,086	22,657
Accrued Bonus		-	2,134
Accrued Payroll Taxes	_	5,826	5,830
Total	\$	28,912	30,621
	_		

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

NOTE 10—JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT

A Joint Powers Agreement (JPA) to establish New Mexico Charter School Educational Service Association was approved by the Department of Finance and Administration on July 3, 2014.

The following are participants as of June 30, 2025:

21st Century Public Academy

(The) Academy for Technology and the Classics

ACE Leadership High School ACES Technical Charter School 1.0

Albuquerque Aviation Academy (formerly known as SAMS)

Albuquerque Bilingual Academy Albuquerque Charter Academy Albuquerque Collegiate Charter School

Albuquerque Institute of Mathematics and Science at UNM

Albuquerque School of Excellence Albuquerque Sign Language Academy Albuquerque Talent Development Academy

Aldo Leopold Charter School Alice King Community School Alma d'Arte Charter High School Altura Preparatory School Amy Biehl High School Anansi Charter School

Archer Academy of Accelerated Learning

(The) ASK Academy

Cesar Chavez Community School Cien Aguas International School Coral Community Charter School Corrales International School

Cottonwood Classical Preparatory School Cottonwood Valley Charter School Deming Cesar Chavez Charter High School Digital Arts and Technology Academy

Dził Ditł'ooí School of Empowerment Action and Perseverance (DEAP)

East Mountain

El Camino Real Academy
Estancia Valley Classical Academy
Explore Academy Albuquerque
Explore Academy-Las Cruces
Explore Academy-Rio Rancho
Gilbert L. Sena Charter High School
Gordon Bernell Charter School
(The) GREAT Academy
Health Leadership High School

Horizon Academy West Hózhó Academy

(The) International School at Mesa del Sol

J. Paul Taylor Academy
Jefferson Montessori Academy
La Academia de Esperanza
La Academia Dolores Huerta
McCurdy Charter School
Mark Armijo Academy

(The) MASTERS Program Middle College High School

Mission Achievement and Success Charter School 1.0

Monte del Sol Charter School The Montessori Academy

Montessori of the Rio Grande Charter School

Moreno Valley Preparatory

Mosaic Academy

Mountain Mahogany Community School
New America School-Las Cruces
New America School-New Mexico
New Mexico Academy for the Media Arts
New Mexico Connections Academy
New Mexico International School
New Mexico School for the Arts
North Valley Academy Charter School

Northpoint Charter School Pecos Cyber Academy

Public Academy for Performing Arts

Raíces del Saber Xinachtli Community School

Red River Valley Charter School

Rio Gallinas School of Ecology and the Arts

Rio Grande Academy of Fine Arts Robert F. Kennedy Charter School Roots and Wings Community School

Sacramento School of Engineering and Science

San Diego Riverside Charter School Sandoval Academy of Bilingual Education

Sendero School of Academics and Career Advancement

Sidney Gutierrez School

Siembra Leadership High School Six Directions Indigenous School Solare Collegiate Charter School

South Valley Academy

South Valley Preparatory School
Sun Mountain Community School

Taos Academy Taos Charter School

Taos Integrated School of the Arts
Taos International School

Technology Leadership High School

THRIVE Community School

Tierra Adentro of NM: The School of Academics, Arts, and Artesanía

Tierra Encantada Charter School Turquoise Trail Charter School Vista Grande High School

Voz Collegiate Preparatory Charter School

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025, With Comparative Totals for 2024

Party Responsible for Operations

New Mexico Charter School Educational Service Association.

Description

The JPA establishes ACES in order to pool efforts and resources to bring additional, necessary educational services and tangible personal property to charter school at affordable costs.

Effective

July 3, 2013, until rescinded or terminated by members.

Total Estimated Amount of Projects Applicable to the Agency

Total revenue \$22,528,451.

Amount the Agency Contributed in Current Fiscal Year

None.

Audit Responsibility

New Mexico Charter School Educational Service Association.

Revenues and Expenditures

Reported to the Office of the State Auditor.

NOTE 11—RISK MANAGEMENT AND LITIGATION

ACES is insured through purchase of commercial insurance policies for general liability and purchases Worker's Compensation Insurance from the New Mexico Self Insurer's Fund. Worker's Compensation claims are handled by the New Mexico Self Insurer's Fund.

NOTE 12—COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the statement of net position date but before the financial statements are issued. ACES recognizes in the financial statements the effects of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the statement of net position, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. ACES does not recognize in the financial statements subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the date of the statement of net position but arose after the statement of net position date and before financial statements are available to be issued.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors and Management of Association of Charter School Education Services and

Mr. Joseph M. Maestas, PE, CFE, New Mexico State Auditor

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business type activities of the Association of Charter School Education Services (ACES) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise ACES' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 23, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, of the financial statements, we considered ACES' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of ACES' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of ACES' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, continued

September 23, 2025

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether ACES' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hinkle + Landers, PC Albuquerque, NM

Hinkle & Landers, P.C.

September 23, 2025

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ASSOCIATION OF CHARTER SCHOOL EDUCATION SERVICES SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Type of Auditor's Report Issued		Unmodified	
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting a. Material weakness(es) identified?	□Yes	⊠No	
b. Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered material weakness(es)?	□Yes	⊠No	
c. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	□Yes	⊠No	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ASSOCIATION OF CHARTER SCHOOL EDUCATION SERVICES SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Findings							
Reference #	Description	Current or Prior Year Finding	Status of Findings	Type of Finding *			
Prior Year Findings							
None							
Current Year Findings							
None							

- * Legend for Type of Findings
 - A. Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
 - B. Significant Deficiency in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
 - **C.** Finding that Does Not Rise to the Level of a Significant Deficiency (Other Matters) Involving Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
 - D. Other Non-compliance Required to Reported per Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ASSOCIATION OF CHARTER SCHOOL EDUCATION SERVICES EXIT CONFERENCE

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

An exit conference was held in a closed session on September 22, 2025, by video conference. In attendance were the following:

Association of Charter School Education Services

Kimberly Ritterhouse ACES President

Eric Ahner Treasurer

Christy Takacs Executive Director
Katherine Moore Director of Finance

Hinkle + Landers, PC

Farley Vener, CPA, CFE, CGMA President & Managing Shareholder

Patrycja Kempa, CPA Audit Manager

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of ACES as of June 30, 2025, were substantially prepared with the assistance of Hinkle + Landers, PC; however, the financial statements remain the responsibility of management.